

# Ü b u n g s a r b e i t

## Aufgabe 1

Bestimmen Sie die Ableitungen der folgenden Funktionen mit Hilfe der Faktorregel und der Summenregel.

- a)**  $f(x) = 1 - 5x^3$       **b)**  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x} + x$       **c)**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x} + \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2$
- d)**  $f(x) = \frac{10}{3}\sqrt{x}$       **e)**  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}}$       **f)**  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$
- g)**  $f(x) = \sin x - \cos x$       **h)**  $f(x) = 2\cos x - 4x^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^2} - \frac{\sin x}{2}$
- i)**  $f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{4} - \frac{1}{x} - \left(\sqrt{x} + 2\right)^2 + 16x^5$
- j)**  $f(x) = 8x^3 + \frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{7}{x^4} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[6]{x^5}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^5} \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^6}}{\sqrt{x^3}}$

## Aufgabe 2

Bestimmen Sie die Ableitungen der folgenden Funktionen mit Hilfe der Produktregel.

- a)**  $f(x) = x^2(1 - 3x^2)$       **b)**  $f(x) = 3x^2\sqrt{x}$       **c)**  $f(x) = (1 - 2x + x^2)\sin x$
- d)**  $f(x) = \sin x \cdot \cos x$       **e)**  $f(x) = (x^5 - x^2)(x^2 - x^4)$       **f)**  $f(x) = (\cos x)^3$
- g)**  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} \sin x \cos x$       **h)**  $f(x) = 3x^4 \cos x - 4x^5 \sin x$

## Aufgabe 3

Bestimmen Sie die Ableitungen der folgenden Funktionen mit Hilfe der Quotientenregel.

- a)**  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + x - 6}$       **b)**  $f(x) = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$       **c)**  $f(x) = \tan x$       **d)**  $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{\sin x}$
- e)**  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2 + 1}$       **f)**  $f(x) = \frac{x^3\sqrt{x}}{1 + x^2}$       **h)**  $f(x) = \frac{(\cos x) + 1}{(\cos x) - 1}$       **h)**  $f(x) = \frac{4x^3 - 5\sin x}{4x^3 + 5\cos x}$



## Aufgabe 4

Bestimmen Sie die Ableitungen der folgenden Funktionen mit Hilfe der Kettenregel und eventuell mit Hilfe der anderen Regeln.

**a)**  $f(x) = (4x^5 - 3x^4 + 46)^{12}$

**b)**  $f(x) = \sqrt{4x^3 - 5x^2}$

**c)**  $f(x) = \frac{\sin 5x}{x^2 - 4}$

**d)**  $f(x) = \sqrt[5]{(x^3 - 4x^2 + 18x)^4}$

**e)**  $f(x) = [\sin(x^2 - 1)] \cdot \cos 8x$

**f)**  $f(x) = \frac{(x^7 - 6x^4)^{15}}{\sin(x^3 - 4x^2)}$

## Aufgabe 5

Bestimmen Sie die Ableitungen der folgenden Funktionen.

**a)**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{7x^2} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \sin x \tan x$

**b)**  $f(x) = \frac{4}{3x^5 + 9} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{x^3 \sqrt{x - x^2 + 5}}$

**c)**  $f(x) = \frac{(\sin x)^2 + (\tan x)^2}{(x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) \cos x}$

**d)**  $f(x) = \frac{(4x^5 + 18x^4 - 7x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 7)^2}{3x^9 - 5x^4}$

**e)**  $f(x) = \frac{\sin x \cdot \cos x \cdot \tan x}{(\cot x) \cdot 3x^{11}}$

**f)**  $f(x) = \frac{\cot x}{3x^3}$

**g)**  $f(x) = \frac{\cot x}{\sqrt{x + 1}}$

**h)**  $f(x) = \frac{3x^5 \sin x}{\cos 3x^5}$



# Lösungen

## Aufgabe 1

**a)**  $f(x) = 1 - 5x^3 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = -15x^2}}$

**b)**  $f(x) = \frac{4}{x} + x = 4x^{-1} + x \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = -4x^{-2} + 1 = 1 - \frac{4}{x^2}}}$

**c)**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2x} + \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2}x^{-1} + \frac{1}{4}x^2 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^{-2} + \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2x^2}}}$

**d)**  $f(x) = \frac{10}{3}\sqrt{x} = \frac{10}{3}x^{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = \frac{5}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{5}{3\sqrt{x}}}}$

**e)**  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} - \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} = 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 5x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow$

$$f'(x) = 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5}{2\sqrt{x^3}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5}{2x\sqrt{x}} = \underline{\underline{\frac{4x+5}{2x\sqrt{x}}}}$$

**f)**  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = 3ax^2 + 2bx + c}}$

**g)**  $f(x) = \sin x - \cos x \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{f'(x) = \cos x + \sin x}}$

**h)**  $f(x) = 2\cos x - 4x^2 + 2\sqrt[3]{x^2} - \frac{\sin x}{2} = 2\cos x - 4x^2 + 2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - \frac{1}{2}\sin x \Rightarrow$

$$f'(x) = -2\sin x - 8x + 1\frac{1}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{1}{2}\cos x = -2\sin x - 8x + \frac{4}{3\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{1}{2}\cos x$$

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**i)**  $f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{4} - \frac{1}{x} - (\sqrt{x} + 2)^2 + 16x^5 = \frac{1}{4}\cos x - x^{-1} - (x + 4\sqrt{x} + 4) + 16x^5$

$$= \frac{1}{4}\cos x - x^{-1} - x - 4x^{\frac{1}{2}} - 4 + 16x^5 \Rightarrow$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{4}\sin x + x^{-2} - 1 - 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + 80x^4 = \underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{4}\sin x + \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + 80x^4 - 1}}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{j) } f(x) &= 8x^3 + \frac{5}{x^2} - \frac{7}{x^4} + \frac{3}{\sqrt[6]{x^5}} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^5} \cdot \sqrt[4]{x^6}}{\sqrt{x^3}} \\
 &= 8x^3 + 5x^{-2} - 7x^{-4} + 3x^{-\frac{5}{6}} + x^{\frac{5}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot x^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\
 &= 8x^3 + 5x^{-2} - 7x^{-4} + 3x^{-\frac{5}{6}} + x^{\frac{5}{3}} \\
 f'(x) &= 24x^2 - 10x^{-3} + 28x^{-5} - \frac{15}{6}x^{-\frac{11}{6}} + \frac{5}{3}x^{\frac{2}{3}} \\
 &= 24x^2 - \frac{10}{x^3} + \frac{28}{x^2} - \frac{15}{6\sqrt[6]{x^{11}}} + \frac{5}{3}\sqrt[3]{x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$


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## Aufgabe 2

**a)**  $f(x) = x^2(1 - 3x^2)$

$$u(x) = x^2 \quad u'(x) = 2x \quad v(x) = 1 - 3x^2 \quad v'(x) = -6x$$

$$f'(x) = u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x)$$

$$= x^2(-6x) + 2x(1 - 3x^2) = -6x^3 - 2x - 6x^3 = \underline{\underline{-12x^3 - 2x}}$$

**b)**  $f(x) = 3x^2\sqrt{x}$

$$u(x) = 3x^2 \quad u'(x) = 6x \quad v(x) = \sqrt{x} \quad v'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x)$$

$$= 3x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} + 6x\sqrt{x} = \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6x^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{15}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} = 7\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x^3} = \underline{\underline{7\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{x}}}$$

**c)**  $f(x) = (1 - 2x + x^2) \sin x$

$$u(x) = 1 - 2x + x^2 \quad u'(x) = -2 + 2x \quad v(x) = \sin x \quad v'(x) = \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x)$$

$$= (1 - 2x + x^2) \cos x + (-2 + 2x) \sin x = \underline{\underline{(x^2 - 2x + 1) \cos x + 2(x-1) \sin x}}$$



**d)**  $f(x) = \sin x \cdot \cos x$

$$u(x) = \sin x \quad u'(x) = \cos x \quad v(x) = \cos x \quad v'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x) \\ &= \sin x (-\sin x) + \cos x \cos x = \underline{\underline{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x}} \end{aligned}$$

**e)**  $f(x) = (x^5 - x^2)(x^2 - x^4)$

$$u(x) = x^5 - x^2 \quad u'(x) = 5x^4 - 2x \quad v(x) = x^2 - x^4 \quad v'(x) = 2x - 4x^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x) \\ &= \underline{\underline{(x^5 - x^2)(2x - 4x^3) + (5x^4 - 2x)(x^2 - x^4)}} \end{aligned}$$

**f)**  $f(x) = (\cos x)^3 = (\cos x)^2 \cos x = f_1(x) f_2(x)$

mit  $f_1(x) = (\cos x)^2$  und  $f_2(x) = \cos x$

$$u_1(x) = \cos x \quad u_1'(x) = -\sin x \quad v_1(x) = \cos x \quad v_1'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_1'(x) &= u_1(x) v_1'(x) + u_1'(x) v_1(x) \\ &= \cos x (-\sin x) + (-\sin x \cos x) = -2 \sin x \cos x \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = (\cos x)^2 \cos x = u(x) v(x)$$

$$u(x) = (\cos x)^2 \quad u'(x) = -2 \sin x \cos x \quad v(x) = \cos x \quad v'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= u(x) \cdot v'(x) + u'(x) \cdot v(x) \\ &= (\cos x)^2 (-\sin x) + (-2 \sin x \cos x) \cos x = -\sin x \cos^2 x - 2 \sin x \cos^2 x \\ &= \underline{\underline{-3 \sin x \cos^2 x}} \end{aligned}$$

**g)**  $f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} \sin x \cos x$

$$u(x) = 4\sqrt{x} \quad u'(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \quad v(x) = \sin x \cos x \quad v'(x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x \quad (\text{S. Aufgabe 2d})$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= u(x) v'(x) + u'(x) v(x) \\ &= \underline{\underline{4\sqrt{x} (\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x) + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} \sin x \cos x}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\mathbf{h)} \quad f(x) = 3x^4 \cos x - 4x^5 \sin x = f_1(x) - f_2(x)$$

$$\text{mit } f_1(x) = 3x^4 \cos x \text{ und } f_2(x) = 4x^5 \sin x$$

$$u_1(x) = 3x^4 \quad u_1^\mu(x) = 12x^3 \quad v_1(x) = \cos x \quad v_1^\mu(x) = -\sin x$$

$$f_1^\mu(x) = u_1(x) v_1^\mu(x) + u_1^\mu(x) v_1(x)$$

$$= 3x^4(-\sin x) + 12x^3 \cos x = -3x^4 \sin x + 12x^3 \cos x$$

$$u_2(x) = 4x^5 \quad u_2^\mu(x) = 20x^4 \quad v_2(x) = \sin x \quad v_2^\mu(x) = \cos x$$

$$f_2^\mu(x) = u_2(x) v_2^\mu(x) + u_2^\mu(x) v_2(x)$$

$$= 4x^5 \cos x + 20x^4 \sin x$$

$$f^\mu(x) = f_1^\mu(x) - f_2^\mu(x)$$

$$= 3x^4 \sin x + 12x^3 \cos x - 4x^5 \cos x - 20x^4 \sin x$$

$$= -23x^4 \sin x + (12x^3 - 4x^5) \cos x = \underline{\underline{-23x^4 \sin x + 4(3x^3 - x^5) \cos x}}$$

### Aufgabe 3

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + x - 6}$$

$$u(x) = x^2 - x - 6 \quad u^\mu(x) = 2x - 1 \quad v(x) = x^2 + x - 6 \quad v^\mu(x) = 2x + 1$$

$$f^\mu(x) = \frac{u^\mu(x) v(x) - u(x) v^\mu(x)}{[v(x)]^2}$$

$$= \frac{(2x - 1)(x^2 + x - 6) - (x^2 - x - 6)(2x + 1)}{(x^2 + x - 6)^2}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 - x^2 + 2x^2 - x - 12x + 6 - 2x^3 + 2x^2 + 12x - x^2 + x + 6}{(x^2 + x - 6)^2}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\frac{2x^2 + 12}{(x^2 + x - 6)^2}}}$$

$$\mathbf{b)} \quad f(x) = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{1 - \sqrt{x}}$$

$$u(x) = 2\sqrt{x} \quad u^\mu(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \quad v(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x} \quad v^\mu(x) = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$



### Fortsetzung 3 b)

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}(1 - \sqrt{x}) - [2\sqrt{x} \cdot (-\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}})]}{(1 - \sqrt{x})^2} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - 1 + 1}{(1 - \sqrt{x})^2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}(1 - \sqrt{x})^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

**c)**  $f(x) = \tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$

$$u(x) = \sin x \quad u'(x) = \cos x \quad v(x) = \cos x \quad v'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} \\ &= \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = 1 + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = 1 + \tan^2 x = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}}} \end{aligned}$$

**d)**  $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)^2}{\sin x} = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{\sin x}$

$$u(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1 \quad u'(x) = 2x - 2 \quad v(x) = \sin x \quad v'(x) = \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{(2x-2)\sin x - (x^2 - 2x + 1)\cos x}{\sin^2 x}}}$$

**e)**  $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2 + 1}$

$$u(x) = 3 \quad u'(x) = 0 \quad v(x) = x^2 + 1 \quad v'(x) = 2x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \underline{\underline{\frac{-6x}{(x^2 + 1)^2} = \frac{-6x}{x^4 + 2x^2 + 1}}}$$

**f)**  $f(x) = \frac{x^3\sqrt{x}}{1+x^2} = \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{1+x^2}$

$$u(x) = x^3\sqrt{x} \quad u'(x) = \frac{7}{2}x^{\frac{5}{2}} = \frac{7}{2}\sqrt{x^5} = \frac{7}{2}x^2\sqrt{x}$$

$$v(x) = 1 + x^2 \quad v'(x) = 2x$$



### Fortsetzung 3 f)

$$\begin{aligned}f''(x) &= \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \frac{\frac{7}{2}x^2\sqrt{x}(1+x^2) - x^3\sqrt{x} \cdot 2x}{(1+x^2)^2} \\&= \frac{\frac{7}{2}x^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{7}{2}x^4\sqrt{x} - 2x^4\sqrt{x}}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{\frac{7}{2}x^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{2}x^4\sqrt{x}}{(1+x^2)^2} \\&= \frac{(7+3x^2)x^2\sqrt{x}}{2(1+x)^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{g)} \quad f(x) = \frac{(\cos x) + 1}{(\cos x) - 1} = \frac{1 + \cos x}{-1 + \cos x}$$

$$u(x) = 1 + \cos x \quad u'(x) = -\sin x \quad v(x) = -1 + \cos x \quad v'(x) = -\sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned}f''(x) &= \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \frac{(-\sin x)(-1 + \cos x) - (1 + \cos x)(-\sin x)}{(-1 + \cos x)^2} \\&= \frac{-\sin x \cos x + \sin x + \sin x \cos x + \sin x}{(-1 + \cos x)^2} = \frac{2 \sin x}{(-1 + \cos x)^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{h)} \quad f(x) = \frac{4x^3 - 5 \sin x}{4x^3 + 5 \cos x}$$

$$u(x) = 4x^3 - 5 \sin x \quad u'(x) = 12x^2 - 5 \cos x$$

$$v(x) = 4x^3 + 5 \cos x \quad v'(x) = 12x^2 - 5 \sin x$$

$$\begin{aligned}f''(x) &= \frac{u'(x)v(x) - u(x)v'(x)}{[v(x)]^2} = \\&= \frac{(12x^2 - 5 \cos x)(4x^3 + 5 \cos x) - (4x^3 - 5 \sin x)(12x^2 - 5 \sin x)}{(4x^3 + 5 \cos x)^2} \\&= \frac{[48x^5 - 20x^3 \cos x + 60x^2 \cos x - 25 \cos^2 x \\&\quad - (48x^5 - 60x^2 \sin x - 20x^3 \sin x + 25 \sin^2 x)]}{(4x^3 + 5 \cos x)^2} \\&= \frac{48x^5 - 20x^3 \cos x + 60x^2 \cos x - 25 \cos^2 x \\&\quad - 48x^5 + 60x^2 \sin x + 20x^3 \sin x - 25 \sin^2 x}{(4x^3 + 5 \cos x)^2} \\&= \frac{20x^3(\sin x - \cos x) + 60x^2(\sin x + \cos x) - 25}{(4x^3 + 5x \cos x)^2}\end{aligned}$$





## Aufgabe 4

**a)**  $f(x) = (4x^5 - 3x^4 + 46)^{12}$

$$f'(x) = 12(4x^5 - 3x^4 + 46)^{11} (20x^4 - 12x^3) = \underline{\underline{48(4x^5 - 3x^4 + 46)^{11} (5x^4 - 3x^3)}}$$

**b)**  $f(x) = \sqrt[2]{4x^3 - 5x^2} = (4x^3 - 5x^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(4x^3 - 5x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} (12x^2 - 10x) = \underline{\underline{\frac{6x^2 - 5x}{\sqrt{4x^3 - 5x^2}}}}$$

**c)**  $f(x) = \frac{\sin 5x}{x^2 - 4}$

$$u(x) = \sin 5x \quad u'(x) = 5 \cos 5x \quad v(x) = x^2 - 4 \quad v'(x) = 2x$$

$$f'(x) = \underline{\underline{\frac{(5 \cos 5x)(x^2 - 4) - 2x \sin 5x}{(x^2 - 4)^2}}}$$

**d)**  $f(x) = \sqrt[5]{(x^3 - 4x^2 + 18x)^4} = (x^3 - 4x^2 + 18x)^{\frac{4}{5}}$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{5}(x^3 - 4x^2 + 18x)^{-\frac{1}{5}} (3x^2 - 8x + 18) = \underline{\underline{\frac{12x^2 - 32x + 72}{5\sqrt[5]{x^3 - 4x^2 + 18x}}}}$$

**e)**  $f(x) = [\sin(x^2 - 1)] \cdot \cos 8x$

$$u(x) = \sin(x^2 - 1) \quad u'(x) = 2x \cos(x^2 - 1) \quad v(x) = \cos 8x \quad v'(x) = -8 \sin 8x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= 2x [\cos(x^2 - 1)] \cos 8x + [\sin(x^2 - 1) \cdot (-8)] \sin 8x \\ &= \underline{\underline{2x [\cos(x^2 - 1)] \cos 8x - 8 [\sin(x^2 - 1)] \sin 8x}} \end{aligned}$$

**f)**  $f(x) = \frac{(x^7 - 6x^4)^{15}}{\sin(x^3 - 4x^2)}$

$$u(x) = (x^7 - 6x^4)^{15} \quad u'(x) = 15(x^7 - 6x^4)(7x^6 - 24x^3)$$

$$v(x) = \sin(x^3 - 4x^2) \quad v'(x) = (3x^2 - 8x) \cos(x^3 - 4x^2)$$



### Fortsetzung von Aufgabe 4 f)

$$f''(x) = [15(x^7 - 6x^4)^{14} (7x^6 - 24x^3) \sin(x^3 - 4x^2) - (x^7 - 6x^4)^{15} (3x^2 - 8x) \cos(x^3 - 4x^2)] : [\sin^2(x^3 - 4x^2)]$$

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### Aufgabe 5

$$\mathbf{a)} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{7x^2} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \sin x \tan x = \frac{1}{7} x^{-2} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 - \frac{\sin x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x} = f_1(x) - f_2(x)$$

$$\text{mit } f_1(x) = \frac{1}{7} x^{-2} + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \quad \text{und} \quad f_2(x) = \frac{\sin x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$f_1''(x) = -\frac{2}{7} x^{-3} + x^3 = x^3 - \frac{2}{7x^3}$$

$$f_2(x) = \frac{f_a(x)}{f_b(x)} = \frac{\sin x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x} \quad \text{Mit } f_a(x) = \sin x \sin x \quad \text{und} \quad f_b(x) = \cos x$$

$$\text{Mit der Produktregel folgt:} \quad f_a''(x) = \sin x \cos x + \cos x \sin x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mit der Quotientenregel folgt:} \quad f_2''(x) &= \frac{2 \sin x \cos^2 x - (\sin^3 x)}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= 2 \sin x + \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos^2 x} \end{aligned}$$

Für die Ableitung  $f''(x)$  erhält man:

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= f_1''(x) - f_2''(x) = x^3 - \frac{2}{7x^3} - 2 \sin x - \frac{\sin^3 x}{\cos^2 x} \\ &= x^3 - \frac{2}{7x^3} - 2 \sin x - \tan^2 x \sin x = x^3 - \frac{2}{7x^3} - (2 + \tan^2 x) \sin x \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{b)} \quad f(x) &= \frac{4}{3x^5 + 9} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2 - x^2 + 5}} = \frac{4 \cos x}{(3x^5 + 9)(x^{\frac{7}{2}} - x^2 + 5)} \\ &= \frac{4 \cos x}{3x^{\frac{17}{2}} + 9x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 3x^7 - 9x^2 + 15x^5 + 45} \end{aligned}$$



### Fortsetzung von Aufgabe 5 b)

$$f^{\mu}(x) = [-4 \sin x (3x^5 + 9)(x^3 \sqrt{x} - x^2 + 5) - (\frac{51}{2} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{63}{2} x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 21x^6 - 18x + 75x^4) 4 \cos x] : [(3x^5 + 9)(x^3 \sqrt{x} - x^2 + 5)]^2$$

$$f^{\mu}(x) = [-4 \sin x (3x^5 + 9)(x^3 \sqrt{x} - x^2 + 5) - (25\frac{1}{2} x^7 \sqrt{x} + 31\frac{1}{2} x^2 \sqrt{x} - 21x^6 + 75x^4 - 18x) 4 \cos x] : [(3x^5 + 9)(x^3 \sqrt{x} - x^2 + 5)]^2$$


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**c)**  $f(x) = \frac{(\sin x)^2 + (\tan x)^2}{(x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) \cos x} = \frac{\sin^2 x + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}{(x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) \cos^3 x}$   
 $= \frac{2 \sin^2 x}{(x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) \cos^3 x} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$

$$u^{\mu}(x) = 2(\sin x \cos x + \sin x \cos x) = 4 \sin x \cos x$$

$$(\cos^3 x)^{\mu} = -3 \sin x \cos^2 x \quad (\text{Siehe Aufgabe 2 f})$$

$$v^{\mu}(x) = (5x^4 - 6x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}) \cos^3 x + (x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x})(-3 \sin x \cos^2 x)$$

$$f^{\mu}(x) = \{ 4 \sin x \cos^4 x (x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) - 2 \sin^2 x [ (5x^4 - 6x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}}) \cos^3 x + (x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x})(-3 \sin x \cos^2 x) ] \} : [(x^5 - 3x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}) \cos^3 x]^2$$


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**d)**  $f(x) = \frac{(4x^5 + 18x^4 - 7x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 7)^2}{3x^9 - 5x^4} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$

$$u^{\mu}(x) = 2(4x^5 + 18x^4 - 7x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 7)(20x^4 + 72x^3 - 21x^2 + 4x - 3)$$

Mit Hilfe der Quotientenregel erhält man:

$$f^{\mu}(x) = \{ [(8x^5 + 36x^4 - 14x^3 + 4x^2 - 6x + 14)(20x^4 + 72x^3 - 21x^2 + 4x - 3) \cdot (3x^9 - 5x^4)] - (4x^5 + 18x^4 - 7x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x + 7)^2 (27x^8 - 20x^3) \} : (3x^9 - 5x^4)^2$$


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$$\mathbf{e)} \quad f(x) = \frac{\sin x \cos x \tan x}{(\cot x) \cdot 3 x^{11}} = \frac{\sin x \cos x \sin x \sin x}{3 x^{11} \cos x \cos x} = \frac{\sin^3 x}{3 x^{11} \cos x} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$$

$$u(x) = \sin^2 x \sin x = u_1(x) u_2(x)$$

$$u_1'(x) = \sin x \cos x + \cos x \sin x = 2 \sin x \cos x \quad u_2'(x) = \cos x$$

$$u'(x) = 2 \sin x \cos x \sin x + \sin^2 x \cos x = 3 \sin^2 x \cos x$$

$$v'(x) = 3 x^{11} (-\sin x) + 33 x^{10} \cos x$$

Mit Hilfe der Quotientenregel erhält man:

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{3 x^{11} 3 \sin^2 x \cos x \cos x - [\sin^3 x \cdot (-3 x^{11} \sin x + 33 x^{10} \cos x)]}{9 x^{22} \cos^2 x} \\ &= \frac{(9 x^{11} \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + 3 x^{11} \sin^4 x - 33 x^{10} \sin^3 x \cos x)}{9 x^{22} \cos^2 x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{f)} \quad f(x) = \frac{\cot x}{3 x^3} = \frac{\cos x}{3 x^3 \sin x} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$$

$$v'(x) = 9 x^2 \sin x + 3 x^3 \cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{-\sin x (3 x^3 \sin x) - (\cos x) (9 x^2 \sin x + 3 x^3 \cos x)}{9 x^6 \sin^2 x} \\ &= \frac{-3 x^2 \sin^2 x + 9 x^2 \sin x \cos x - 3 x^3 \cos^2 x}{9 x^6 \sin^2 x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{g)} \quad f(x) = \frac{(\cot x)^2}{\sqrt{x+1}} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sqrt{x+1} \sin^2 x} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x) w(x)} = \frac{u(x)}{z(x)}$$

mit  $u(x) = \cos^2 x$ ,  $v(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ ,  $w(x) = \sin^2 x$  und  $z(x) = v(x) w(x)$

$$u'(x) = -2 \sin x \cos x \quad v'(x) = \frac{1}{2} (x+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x+1}}$$

$$w'(x) = 2 \sin x \cos x \quad z'(x) = \frac{\sin^2 x}{2 \sqrt{x+1}} + \sqrt{x+1} \cdot 2 \sin x \cos x$$



### Fortsetzung Aufgabe 5 g)

$$f'(x) = \frac{-(2 \sin x \cos x) \sqrt{x+1} \sin^2 x - \left( \cos^2 x \right) \left( \frac{\sin^2 x}{2\sqrt{x+1}} + 2 \sqrt{x+1} \sin x \cos x \right)}{\left( \sqrt{x+1} \sin^2 x \right)^2}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-4(x+1) \sin^3 x \cos x - \cos^2 x [\sin^2 x + 4(x+1) \sin x \cos x]}{2 \sqrt{x+1} (x+1) \sin^4 x}$$

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**h)**  $f(x) = \frac{3x^5 \sin x}{\cos 3x^5} = \frac{u(x)}{v(x)}$

$$u(x) = 3x^5 \sin x \quad u'(x) = 15x^4 \sin x + 3x^5 \cos x$$

$$v(x) = \cos 3x^5 \quad v'(x) = -15x^4 \sin 3x^5$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(15x^4 \sin x + 3x^5 \cos x) \cos 3x^5 + 3x^5 \sin x (15x^4 \sin 3x^5)}{(\cos 3x^5)^2}$$

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